# BASIC SERVICES FOR PEOPLE WITH **DISABILITIES IN INDONESIA**

Source: Regsosek 2022 processed using SEPAKAT in August, 2024









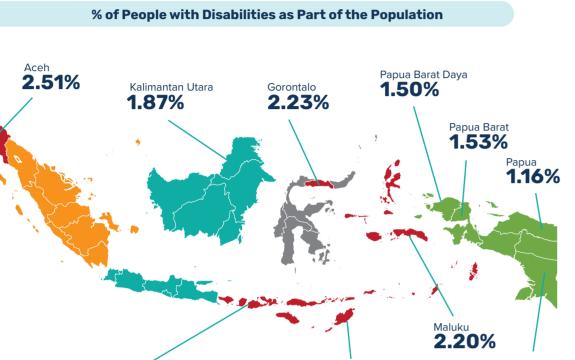


# **OVERVIEW**

Indonesia has a significant population of people with disabilities, totaling 5 million equivalent to the population of Oman







million

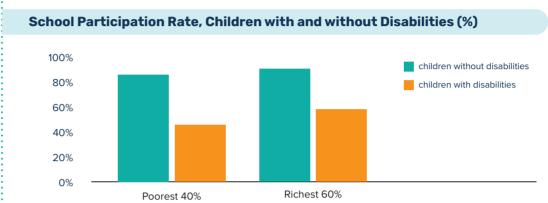
55%

Nearly **20%** of people with disabilities have mobility difficulties and

are among the poorest 10% of the population

## **EDUCATION ACCESS**

Children with disabilities need more targeted educational support





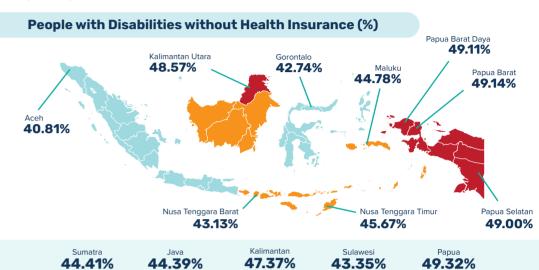
205,000 and 2,329 special schools Poor children with disabilities are

**2.82** times more likely to be out of school than children with

disabilities from the wealthiest 10% of the population



Access to National Health Insurance will make people with disabilities less vulnerable



**55%** 

of people with disabilities without Nationa Health Insurance (JKN) are women

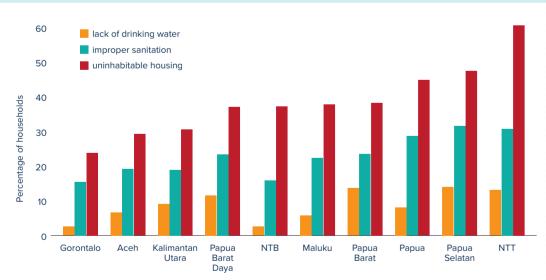
**50%** 

### **ACCESS TO WATER, SANITATION AND HOUSING**

1.93%

Adequate access to quality infrastructure will improve the health and quality of life of people with disabilities and decrease their risk of disease

### Households with People with Disabilities, Access to Water & Sanitation (%)



······ Overall, of households with people with disabilities: ······· Nearly Up to 7% 20% lack access to do not have clean drinking proper water sanitation

Up to

36% live in substandard housing

Up to 66% in uninhabitable housing are amongst the poorest 40%

Nusa Tenggara Barat **2.17%** 

1.80%

Bali and Nusa Teng **2.39%** 

Nusa Tenggara Timur **3.06%** 

1.84%

2.16%

### **EMPLOYMENT AND ECONOMIC INCLUSION**

0.95%

1.16%

Inclusive and gender-sensitive work environments expand equal opportunities for people with disabilities and minority groups, and pave the way for economic inclusion and universal social protection

#### Disability Type and Job Status (%) vision impairment personal care difficulties 68.84 speech difficulties gripping/holding difficulties 69.47 behavioural difficulties concentration difficulties mobility difficulties learning difficulties auditory impairment 20 40 60 80 100 informal formal



of people with

disabilities work

in the informal

sector

Only 1 in 5 women with disabilities have access to jobs

**57%** of people with disabilities who own businesses have ultra-micro businesses that earn less than IDR 25 million/month

Nearly

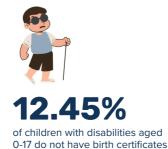
# REGISTRATION

Improving civil registration services can help people with disabilities obtain critical documents which will facilitate their access to basic services

### Children with Disabilities without Birth Certificate (%)







## **BRIDGING GAPS FOR PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES**

The data reveals a need for targeted support to enhance access to education, healthcare, clean water, sanitation, and formal employment for people with disabilities in Indonesia. A special focus on addressing poverty and gender disparities is warranted. Robust civil registration services will ensure inclusion and access to basic services for people with disabilities.



All figures refer to people with moderate to severe disabilities. People with moderate to severe disabilities may experience challenges such as vision or hearing impairments even with aids, difficulties with movement or mobility, challenges in using their hands or fingers, learning or intellectual limitations, behavioural difficulties, speech or communication impairments, personal care needs, memory or concentration issues, and depressive disorders.